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Executive Summary

- i Summarise:
- What needs or issues the Travel Plan will address
- What significant benefits will result from having the Travel Plan in place over the long term
- What key activities will be delivered to help achieve the benefits
- How progress will be tracked
- How staff and stakeholders will be kept engaged

Include a statement of Executive / Senior management support and commitment to the Plan.

1. Introduction

1.1 What is a Travel Plan?

For example: A Travel Plan is a management strategy for delivering long term behavioural change and sustainable travel patterns. It is about understanding how people make their transport decisions and using this to influence behaviours that lead to better organisational outcomes, while reducing adverse impacts such as congestion.
1.2 What needs will the Travel Plan address?
i Could include for example:
Minimise negative transport impacts of the site/organisation Maintain and improve viability of existing or proposed site.
 Maintain and improve viability of existing or proposed site Relocate with minimal impact on staff retention
 Ensure people feel safe, secure and well informed about travel to and from the site Give employees more flexibility to choose how and when they commute
• Enable the organisation to sustainably expand
This can also lead to:
• Increased efficiency
 Improved position as employer of choice A more active, healthy and happier workforce

1.3 Travel Plan context

- 1 Outline the organisational context and the policy context for the Travel Plan:
- How the Travel Plan fits with the broader, long term organisational goals and business strategy
- How the Travel Plan fits with Local and State Government goals and strategy
- How the Travel Plan fits with the goals and strategy of other nearby organisations or precinct partners (if applicable)

2. Current or Future Situation

2.1 Location and facilities

- i Describe your site, facilities and business including:
- Number of staff
- Number and type of persons accessing the site(s) other than staff (eg. patients and visitors, contractors, deliveries)
- Nature of key business activities affecting travel
- Description of the site(s) including map showing locality, access roads and public transport
- Plan of site showing car parks, access points and facilities such as cycle stands, end of trip facilities such as lockers and showers etc.
- · Frequency of transport services to the site and any future changes expected to the transport network
- Planned Land use development
- · Access issues for those who may feel more vulnerable or who have mobility impairments
- Description of current or future facilities that encourage sustainable travel
- · Description of current or future site barriers to sustainable travel

2.2 Current organisational policies affecting travel
i Outline the internal human resource policies and other business rules related to travel including car use and parking, vehicle lease schemes, working from home and business travel arrangements and any relevant salary packaging arrangements.
3. Key Insights
3.1 Key findings and analysis
Present the key findings from your data collection (preferably in graphical or tabular form), for example:
 Travel mode distribution Travel origin, time and distance Reported reasons for choice of travel mode Reported barriers to sustainable transport
 Reported incentives for change Business travel data and costs
Present analysis and key findings from the perspective of the stated organisational needs / goals of your Travel Plan.
Consider comparing your organisation's travel patterns to general patterns of travel in the area (see Australian Bureau of Statistics Census Journey to Work data accessed at: www.transport.nsw.gov.au/data-and-research .
Consider undertaking a simple Geographic Information System (GIS) mapping exercise – plotting home locations of employees alongside public transport access, walking and cycling routes.

3.2 Data collection methodology

- 1 Describe how you collected data to get a robust understanding of how people are travelling to your site and the underlying causes of their behaviour. Details could include:
- Employee focus groups outline how groups were formed, number of people involved, questions asked, etc
- Organisational travel surveys outline how survey was distributed, number and percentage of returns, etc (include copy of survey in appendix)

Transport for NSW's Household Travel Survey if used (accessed at: www.transport.nsw.gov.au/performance-and-analytics/ passenger-travel/surveys/household-travel-survey-hts)

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ei Pian ivianagement and Engagement

- i Outline:
- Roles and responsibilities for Travel Plan development and monitoring
- Decision making / governance framework
- Steering committee details (if established)
- Key internal and external stakeholders who helped develop the plan and how they will continue to be engaged
- List roles of any organisations outside your organisation (eg bus operators, local government, state government, neighbours etc).

5. Travel Plan Outcomes

i Articulate what outcomes you want to achieve from having the Travel Plan in place.

These could include:

- Travel accessibility for employees
- Workplace productivity
 Employee travel safety and personal security
 Employee health and wellbeing
- Business improvements
- Corporate sustainability
- Cost savings

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6. Travel Plan Impacts

i Set realistic, quantifiable performance indicators to measure progress towards achieving the impacts of the Travel Plan within a certain timeframe; eg "increase the use of public transport by 10% in 3 years or have working from home available one day a week for all staff by 2020".

The Travel Plan Summary will also include performance indicators for each individual activity.

7. Travel Plan Outputs

i Record the key products and services that need to be delivered to achieve the impacts. Outputs could include: Plans / Reports, brochures, articles and presentations, digital materials (websites, social media), events, works, marketing campaigns, policies, incentives, facilities, infrastructure etc).

8. Travel Plan Activities

i	Who, What, When – Define what activities need to occur to deliver the outputs, who is responsible for delivering them and timeliness for delivery.
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9. Inputs and Travel Plan Resourcing

i List resources (time, people, budget) for Travel Plan development. Identify any expected income from Travel Plan initiatives and where this income would be spent. Remember to cover off all the various kinds of costs involved. Note: Travel Plan incentives can be resourced through actions aimed at influencing behaviour change – such as funding staff Opal cards through a car parking levy, or using the levy to provide a free car wash for staff that car pool to work.

- Implementation costs construction of end of trip facilities, staff shuttles
- Operating costs security for accessing end of trip facilities, providing Opal cards for staff travel, or a new car park management system
- Staff costs people to coordinate, manage and monitor; developing communications material
- Ongoing maintenance and renewal costs

•	Potential savings, if known.

10. Travel Plan Summary

i Document how your organisation will deliver the individual activities that form the Travel Action Plan.

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Identified needs <insert here="" identified="" needs="" organisation's="" your=""></insert>	Outcomes	what will be achieved?	 Improved health and wellbeing of staff Increase in productivity Organisational savings on office accommodation 	 Reduce number of vehicles arriving at the site during peak periods 		
	Impacts	performance indicators what will be achieved?	• 20% staff on flexible working agreements by July 2019 • 20% improvement in staff satisfaction surveys for health and wellbeing by 2020	• Reduction in vehicles arriving at site in peak by 20% by 2020		
	Outputs	what needs to be created?	• Flexible Working Policy	• Shuttle bus		
	Activities	when	• October 2018	 Funding – within 3 months Operating – within 6 months 		
		who	• HR Department	 Facilities manager Travel Plan coordinator 		
		what	 Develop Flexible Working policies – including working from home, flexible hours, hot desking, remote working, etc. 	 Arrange staff bus service linking to nearest public transport hub 		
	Inputs	what resources are required?	• E.g. HR Department staff resources	 Funds for shuttle bus 		

11. Monitoring and Reporting

- i Outline:
- How the Travel Plan will be monitored (eg. by using an annual travel survey)
- How progress against the Travel Plan will be reported and to whom (eg. Board of Directors, local authority)
- Who is responsible for collecting data and reporting
- When the Travel Plan (in particular, activities and targets) will be reviewed and adjusted
- If the Travel Plan is a condition of consent, check with the relevant planning authority requirements.

12. Travel Plan Appendices

i A Travel Plan is an iterative document and it is useful to attach and update supporting collateral to the Travel Plan as it is developed. Documents such as Travel Access Guides, End of Trip Facilities maps and Walking and Cycling maps can be useful appendices to the Travel Plan.

